

SANSKRIT QUESTION BANK FOR 5TH SEM 1ST INTERNAL EXAMS

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What is the name of the book by Mr. MacDonnell? — Ancient History of India.

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In which century was Pāṇini born? — 7th century BCE.

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Who wrote the Vārttikas (explanatory lines) on the Ashtadhyayi? — Kātyāyana.

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By whose grace did Pāṇini compose the new grammar after doing penance in the Himalayas? — By the grace of Maheshvara (Śiva).

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What is the name of Pāṇini's grammar text? — Ashtadhyayi.

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4000

Approximately how many sūtras are there in the Ashtadhyayi? — Around 4000.

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How many chapters are there in Pāṇini's grammar text? — Eight.

Whom did Kauṭilya appoint as minister of Chandragupta? — Amātya Rākshasa.

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Who was Chandragupta's wife? — Helena.

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In which century did Chanakya live? — 3rd century BCE.

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Who composed the Arthashastra? — Chanakya.

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How many chapters and verses are there in Chanakya Nīti? — 17 chapters and 340 verses.

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What is the Arthashastra especially focused on? — Governance.

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Which is the earliest text on poetics in world literature? — Natyashastra.

[illegible]

Who wrote the Natyashastra? — Sage Bharata.

23. : : : 1000 to 500 BC

What is the period of Bharata Muni? — Between 1000 and 500 BCE.

[illegible]

What is the most prominent commentary on Natyashastra? — Abhinavabhāratī.

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Who were the commentators of Natyashastra? — Udbhaṭa, Lollaṭa, Bhaṭṭanāyaka.

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There are 36 chapters in Bharata Muni's Natyashastra.

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Eleven topics are discussed in Natyashastra.

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The foundational text for description of Rasas like Shringāra is Natyashastra.

[illegible]

The primary purpose of drama is mental relaxation or aesthetic delight.

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There are 9 Rasas (emotional flavors) in Indian aesthetics.

Apart from above questions byheart the shlokas of three alankaras, namely, 1. Upama, 2. Ananvaya and 3. Prativastoopma.

1st line of each shloka is definition of the alankara while 2nd line is the example of that particular alankara.

Also study other examples given in the text book.